# Phase 1 (0-6 weeks post-op)

#### **Rehabilitation Goals**

- · Protect surgical repair
- ROM: full knee extension, 90° knee flexion
- Regain adequate quadriceps control

### **PRECAUTIONS**

- Wear brace at all times (even while sleeping)
- \*NO bending knee with load applied (i.e., squat, leg press, etc.)
   (Note: bending knee & partial weight bearing are allowed, BUT not at the same time)
- \*ROM 0-70° wks 1-4 for posterior horn repairs2
- \*No resisted knee flexion wks 1-4 (due to hamstring attachment to meniscus)2

#### **Crutches**

Begin with foot-flat non-weight bearing: progress gradually only when wearing brace locked at 0°2

# Radial/complex tear:

• Weeks 1-6: Non weight bearing to foot-flat non-weight bearing only

# Bucket-handle, vertical, longitudinal tear:

- Weeks 1-2: Partial weight bearing @ 0-25% body weight
- Weeks 3-4: Partial weight bearing @ 25-50% body weight
- Weeks 5-6: Partial weight bearing @ 50-75% body weight

#### **Brace**

 Locked at 0° extension for 6 weeks while walking; may unlock once able to do SLR with no extension lag

#### **Wound**

- Post-op dressing remains intact until post-op day #3 (~72 hours after surgery) May begin showering after post-op day #3 (no need to cover incision site)
- \*Do NOT submerge knee in tub or pool for 4 weeks\*
- Bilateral compression stockings for 3-7 days: unilateral use thereafter as needed Suture/staple removal
   @ 10-14 days per Ortho/PT

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# Phase 1 (0-6 weeks post-op)

### Rehabilitation

- Frequent use of cryocuff and/or ice with lower extremity elevated
- Begin patellar mobilizations after suture/staple removal
- Begin scar massage after incision site sloughs/scar is formed ~Weeks 1-2 Calf pumping with tubing
- Heel slides assisted as needed: within the limits of 0-90°
- Static quad sets (with estim until patient able to do 10 SLRs without extension lag)
- SLRs: All directions may add light weight when pain free
- · Supine passive extension with towel under heel
- · Gentle hamstring stretching

#### Weeks 3-4

• Short arc quads - may add light weights as tolerated

#### Weeks 3-4

- Leg press 0-60 deg (when ROM > 85)
- Hamstring Curls light weight in a painless ROM
- Beginning level pool exercises: only gait training & deep water jogging (No "whip" kicking)

#### Follow-Up

- · Physical Therapy: Weekly
- Ortho: ~6 weeks post-op
- Supervised rehab: 2-3 x per week



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# Phase 2 (2-4 months post-op)

## **Rehabilitation Goals**

- Full knee ROM and minimal or no effusion
- · Hop without pain using good form

### **PRECAUTIONS**

- \*NO open kinetic chain strengthening exercises for 12 weeks\*
- \*NO running until 4 months post-op\*

#### **Crutches**

Progress gradually to full weight-bearing during weeks 7-8 post-op

#### **Brace**

- No brace; encourage normal gait mechanics
- Fit for custom sports brace at > 12 weeks.

## Rehabilitation

- Continue phase I exercises as needed
- Progress to the following exercises and increase intensity gradually when patient is ready
   (i.e., no increase in knee pain or effusion since the previous exercise session)

### Weeks 7-8

- Stationary bike for conditioning
- Gait training (cone walking, marching, retrowalking, exercise band, etc.)
- Beginning level pool exercises primarily sagittal plane exercises (No "whip" kicking)
- General LE stretching (calf, HS, quads, HF, hip adductors)
- Neuromuscular training (BOSU squats, single leg body blade/rebounder)

(progress in duration, intensity)1



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### Weeks 9-12

- Progressive pool program as tolerated
- Elliptical and/or stairmaster
- Progressive strengthening (lunge, leg press, squat, RDL, etc)
- Neuromuscular training (single leg RDL, star balance training, core stability)4

# Weeks 13-16

- Progressive strengthening (lunge, leg press, squat, RDL, etc)
- (OKC knee extension limited to 40-90 deg range)5
- Plyometric training: shuttle jumps (double to single leg)
- Neuromuscular training (unstable surfaces single leg RDL, star balance training)4,5

## **Testing**

- Strength: single leg squat max reps
- Y-balance testing: month 3 & 4

### Follow-Up

- PT: Bi-monthly; Ortho: ~12 weeks post-op;
- Supervised rehabilitation: 2-3 x per week as needed



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# Phase 3 (4-6 months post-op)

### Rehabilitation Goals

- Jog at own pace and distance without pain
- Hop test and Y-balance limb symmetry > 90%1,5
- Isokinetic testing limb symmetry > 85%1,5

## **PRECAUTIONS**

\*NO participation in contact/collision sports or military schools\*1,3,5

### **Brace**

None

#### Rehabilitation

- · Continue other phase II exercises as needed
- Progress in duration and intensity of exercise
   (no increase in knee pain or effusion since the previous exercise session)
- Progressive strengthening (lunge, leg press, squat, RDL, knee ext/flex, etc)
- Plyometric training (shuttle jumps progressing to box jumps)4,5
- Neuromuscular and plyometric training progression4
   (single leg anterior and lateral jumps, tuck/box/depth jumps)
- Agility training progression (directional jogging, cariocas, shuffles, etc.)
- Progressive jogging program (increase time and/or distance no more than 10-20% per wk)

#### **Testing**

- Biodex isokinetic testing: month 6, then as needed until > 85% symmetry1,5
- Hop tests: month 6, then as needed until > 90% symmetry1,5
- Y-balance test: month 6, then as needed until > 90% symmetry1,5
- Dynamic movement quality (video analysis, LESS & single leg hop): months 5 & 6, then as needed1,5

### Follow-Up

- PT: Monthly
- Ortho: ~6 months post-op;
- Supervised rehab: 1-2 x per week as needed



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# Phase 4 (6-9 months post-op)

# **Rehabilitation Goals**

- Hop test and Y-balance limb symmetry > 90%1,5
- Full return to sports/athletics without limitations

# Rehabilitation

- Progress phase III exercises as needed
- Sport-specific training (as needed)



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