

Phase 1 (0-2 weeks post-op)

Rehabilitation Goals

- Protect surgical graft
- Normal gait and stair ambulation
- ROM: full knee extension and ≥ 110° knee flexion
- Good quadriceps control (achieve ≥ 20 SLRs with no lag)
- Minimize pain and swelling

PRECAUTIONS

- Wear brace AT ALL TIMES (even while sleeping)
- NO OPEN KINETIC CHAIN strengthening exercises
- NO RUNNING

Crutches

- · Weight Bearing as tolerated
- Discharge when sufficient quad control and normal gait are both achieved

Brace

- Remains locked at 0° for WB activity only until patient is able to do 20
- · SLRs without an extension lag
- · If able to, then open brace to current ROM
- NOTE: Knee ROM would be limited the first 4-6 weeks post-op for an ACLR with meniscal repair (usually 0-90 degrees)

Wound

- Post-op dressing remains intact until post-op day #3 (~72 hours after surgery)
- Shower after post-op day #3 (no need to cover the incision site)
- DO NOT SUBMERGE knee in water until 4 weeks post-op and incisions have fully healed
- - Suture/staple removal @ 10-14 days post-op per Ortho











Phase 1 (0-2 weeks post-op)

Cryotherapy

Cold with compression/elevation as needed (ice with compression wrap)

Rehabilitation

- Begin scar massage after incision has healed and scar is formed
- · Perform the following rehabilitation exercises; progress as tolerated

Days 1-7

- Heel slides (assisted as needed)
- Quad sets (use e-stim until patient is able to do 10 SLRs w/o extension lag)
- · Supine passive extension with towel under heel
- · Prone hangs as needed
- Gentle HS stretching
- UBE

Days 8-14

- Patellar mobilizations after suture/staple removal
- THEREX for restoration of quad function and hip/core strengthening
- · Stationary bike for ROM; progress to biking for conditioning
- · Ankle ROM and proprioceptive training
- · Progressive Ankle strengthening
- Mini squats 0-45° or as tolerated
- Multi-angle hip and thigh isometrics until able to perform isotonics
- · Gait training as needed until normalized gait

FOLLOW-UP:

- PT re-eval: weekly
- Ortho re-eval: ~2 to 4 weeks post-op





Phase 2 (2-6 weeks post-op)

Rehabilitation Goals

- Full knee ROM
- Minimal or no effusion
- > 80% quadriceps and HS strength compared to the uninvolved limb
- · Functional strength and control in daily activities

PRECAUTIONS

- DO NOT SUBMERGE knee in water until 4 weeks post-op and incisions have fully healed
- **NO RUNNING**

Brace

- Wear brace only if unable to do 20 SLR
- · Should be removed during rehab

Rehabilitation

- · Continue Phase 1 exercises as needed
- · Progress to the following exercises and increase intensity gradually when patient is ready (i.e. no increase in knee pain or effusion since the previous exercise session)
- · Recommend exercises begin with lighter intensity and higher reps with progression to higher intensity and lower reps





Phase 2 (2-6weeks post-op)

Weeks 2-6

- Stationary biking for conditioning; may add elliptical and/or rower gradually
- Beginner level pool exercises primarily in the sagittal plane (i.e. no breaststroke or whip kick motion)
- General LE stretching (i.e. calf, HS, quads, hip flexors, and hip abductors/adductors)
- Progressive strengthening
- Thigh musculature with emphasis on knee extension; progress with loading and ROM
- · Hip extension, abduction, and adduction
- Plantarflexion
- Core musculature
- **DO NOT** neglect the patient's overall fitness condition

Neuromuscular Training

THEREX on an unstable surface (i.e. foam pad), SL exercises, and exercises with reduced visual input

FOLLOW-UP:

• Supervised rehab: 2-3x per week

• PT re-eval: every 3-4 weeks

• Ortho re-eval: ~12 weeks post-op





Phase 3 (6-12 weeks post-op)

Rehabilitation Goals

- Maintain full knee ROM
- Minimal or no effusion
- Progress strengthening and neuromuscular retraining
- · DL hop in place without pain using good form

PRECAUTIONS

NO RUNNING

Rehabilitation

- · Continue Phase 2 exercises as needed
- · Progress to the following exercises and increase intensity gradually when patient is ready (i.e. no increase in knee pain or effusion since the previous exercise session)
- Continue bike, elliptical, rower, and/or stair machine for conditioning purposes

6-9 weeks

- Continue beginner level pool exercises primarily in the sagittal plane (i.e. no breaststroke or whip kick motion)
- General LE stretching (i.e. calf, HS, quads, hip flexors, and hip abductors/adductors)
- Progressive strengthening
- Progressive neuromuscular training and balance exercises

9-12 weeks

- · Progressive pool program as tolerated
- · Progressive functional training
- · 2-legged plyometrics (i.e. shuttle jumps and jump roping
- · Progress DL to SL
- · Progressive LE and core strengthening
- Progressive neuromuscular training and balance exercises





Phase 3 (6-12 weeks post-op)

Testing

SL squat to $\geq 60^{\circ}$ for max reps and $\geq 80\%$ of non-surgical limb

Follow-Up

• Supervised rehab: 2-3x per week

• PT re-eval: monthly

• Ortho re-eval: ~12 weeks post-op



Phase 4 (3-6 months post-op)

Rehabilitation Goals

- · Jog at own pace and distance without pain
- ~90% strength return for quadriceps and HS compared to uninvolved limb
- Hop test and Y-balance limb symmetry > 90%
- Isokinetic testing limb symmetry > 85%
- Meet occupation requirements at 6-9 months

PRECAUTIONS

• NO PARTICIPATION in sports

Rehabilitation

- · Continue Phase 3 exercises as needed
- Progress in duration and intensity of exercises (i.e. no increase in knee pain or effusion since the previous exercise session)

3-4 Months

- Progressive balance training as needed
- · Progressive LE and core strengthening
- · Progressive jogging program
- Begin on Alter-G if available
- Criteria for run progression: pain-free hopping and ability to perform
- ≥ 90% of uninvolved limb max reps SL squats to ≥ 60° knee flexion
- Increase time and/or distance no more than 10% 20% per week
- · Progressive functional, neuromuscular, plyometric, and agility training:
- Jumping, hopping, directional jogging, cariocas, shuffles, etc.
- · SL anterior and lateral jumps
- Shuttle jumps progressing to box jumps

5-6 Months

- Biodex isokinetic testing: until > 90% symmetry
- Hop test battery: until > 90% symmetry in hop for distance, triple hop for distance, crossover hop, and
 6-meter timed hop
- Y-balance test: until > 90% symmetry
- Movement quality assessments: Landing Error Scoring System (LESS),
- Functional Movement Screen (FMS), etc.







Phase 4 (3-6 months post-op)

Follow-Up

• Supervised rehab: 1-2x per week

• PT re-eval: monthly

• Ortho re-eval: ~6 months post-op

Miscellaneous

After 6 months post-op, Phase 4 exercises are continued and gradually increased in intensity and duration as tolerated



Phase 5 RETURN TO SPORT (9 months post-op)

Rehabilitation Goals

- Sport-specific training without pain or swelling
- · Mitigate future injury risk
- Hop test and Y-balance limb symmetry > 90%
- Isokinetic testing limb symmetry > 90%
- Full return to sports/athletics and military training without limitations

PRECAUTIONS

• NO PARTICIPATION in sports until cleared for return by the rehabilitation team

Rehabilitation

- · Continue Phase 4 exercises as needed
- Progress in duration and intensity of exercise (i.e. no increase in knee pain
- or effusion since the previous exercise session)
- Warm-up: 5-10 minutes on bike, elliptical, or stairmaster
- General LE stretching (i.e. calf, HS, quads, hip flexors, and hip
- abductors/adductors)
- · Progressive LE and core strengthening
- Progressive balance training as needed
- Progressive jogging program
- Increase time and/or distance no more than 10% 20% per week
- · Progressive agility and plyometric training
- Incorporate drills/activities specific to patient's sport



Phase 5 RETURN TO SPORT (9 months post-op)

Return to Sport Evaluation (RTS)

- Hop test battery: single hop, triple hop for distance, crossover hop, and 6-
- · meter timed hop
- Isokinetic strength (60o/sec)
- Vertical jump
- Deceleration shuttle test

Return to Sport Criteria

- · No functional complaints
- · Confidence when running, cutting, and jumping at speed required for specific sport
- Demonstration of sport-specific drills/activities
- 90% contralateral values on hop tests

Follow-Up

- Supervised rehab: 1-2x per week as needed
- PT re-eval: monthly
- Ortho re-eval: ~9-12 months post-op

Miscellaneous

- Progress activities for return to sport/collision sports
- This time period will be directed by the Ortho Surgeon and the Physical Therapist. This may require between 9-12 months before cleared without restrictions.

